CLASSE DE 4è ANGLAIS

CÔTE D'IVOIRE – ÉCOLE NUMÉRIQUE



U6-HUMAN RIGHTS- L3-We've got to promote tolerance.

S1

Learning Context: During a meeting of their English speaking club, the students of LM 2 of Daoukro are listening to a message about tolerance in order to discuss the issue.

LESSON CONTENT

Language Function	Structure / Grammar	Vocabulary
Expressing necessity / obligation	-People <u>have got to</u> practice peace. -Sally has got to practice tolerance.	tolerance, reconciliation, peace, peace- maker, love, solidarity.

A- Vocabulary

Tolerance: forgiveness

Reconciliation: Get together again after a conflict

Peace # conflict

Peace- maker: person who practices peace or encourages peace between people.

Love: harmony, friendship

Solidarity: helping each other, bringing assistance.

B- Language function: Expressing obligation/ Necessity

People **have got to** practice peace.

Sally **has got to** practice tolerance.

PRACTICE ACTIVITIES

Activity1: Match each verb in column A with the corresponding phrase in

column B.

Example: 1-F

Column A	Column B
1- Help	a- Difference between people
2- Forgive	b- Conflicts in the world
3- Promote	 c- Solidarity and non-violence
4- Prevent	d- Two groups in conflicts
5- Accept	e- Your brother's bad actions
6- Reconcile	f- Someone in danger

Activity 2: Listen to the teacher and complete the text with the words from the box below.

accept, solidarity, peace, harmony, people, reconciliation

I think we must tolerate people who are different from us and (1)......then. This is what can bring (2)......in a community. Our country is a land of (3)...... I am happy to see the population of other countries living in (4)......with the Ivorian (5)....... The ethnic groups have made interethnic (6)......to promote tolerance and social cohesion.

Activity 3: Complete these sentences with has got or have got.

- a- Citizenshave got..... to promote to tolerance.
- b- Simeonto be a peace-maker.
- c- Sheila to practice solidarity.
- d- People to reconcile themselves.
- e- Family membersto practice brotherhood.

S2

Learning Context: During a meeting of their English speaking club, the students of LM 2 of Daoukro are listening to a message about tolerance in order to discuss the issue.

LESSON CONTENT

Language function	Structure / Grammar	Vocabulary
Expressing obligation	 I <u>must</u> be a peace-maker. Ivoirians <u>have to</u> be peace-maker. Sonia <u>has to</u> be peace-maker. 	war, peace keeping, reconcile, prevent,

A- Vocabulary

Non-violence = fact to use peaceful methods.

War#conflict

Peace -keeping = Maintaining peace.

To accept# to refuse

To reconcile = to unite two groups of people after quarrels or conflicts.

To prevent = to avoid

B- Language function: Expressing obligation

- I must be a peace-maker.
- Ivoirians **have to** be peace-maker.
- Sonia **has to** be peace-maker.

Activity 1: Match each word from box A with its meaning or definition in box B

Ex: 1-a

A	В
1. reconciliation	a. refusing to be angry with a person
2. solidarity	b. accepting other people as brothers
3. forgiveness	c. making groups of people friendly again after conflicts
4. brotherhood	d. fact of supporting and sharing with other people
5. non-violence	e. ability to accept unpleasant things.
6. tolerance	f. when there is no war or conflict

Activity 2: Classify these actions in the table below in order to express obligation

To eat- go to school- brush my teeth- to sweep the floor- clean my bedroom- to accept my family members- wash myself- to be a peace maker- obey my parents- to learn my lessons.

Must	have
	eatto

Activity 3: Complete the sentences below with **must/ have/** or **has.** Number a is an example.

- a- Tom ...must... stop smoking.
- b- Aya to help her mother.
- c- Students to learn their lessons.
- d- Amydo her washing-up.
- e- Ivorians practice peace.
- f- Sonia to respect her elders.

S3

COMMUNICATION ACTIVITY 1

During a meeting of their English speaking club, the students of LM 2 of Daoukro are listening to a message about tolerance in order to discuss the issue. In group of four, prepare a talk in which you mention:

- The understanding of tolerance;
- The different virtues of the tolerance;
- The consequence of practicing tolerance in a family first, then in a country.

COMMUNICATION ACTIVITY 2

Listen to this passage and do all the activities that follow it

Activity 1 : Choose the right options

- 1- What does the speaker want in the world?
- a- Money
- b- Violence
- c- Armies
- d- Peace
- 2- Select two domains where government can invest if there is no war according to the listening
- a- Sports
- b- Schools
- c- Hospitals
- d- Arms
- 3- What is the percentage of the people who don't want peace according to the narrator?
- a- 99%
- b- 10%
- c- 1%
- d- 89%